Name	Class	Date
Skills Worksheet		
Active Reading	,	

Section: Understanding Our Environment

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

The agricultural revolution allowed human populations to grow at an unprecedented rate. An area of land can support up to 500 times as many people by farming as it can by hunting and gathering. As populations grew, they began to concentrate in smaller areas. These changes placed increased pressure on local environments.

The agricultural revolution also changed the food we eat. The plants we grow and eat today are descended from wild plants. During harvest season, farmers collected seeds from plants that exhibited the qualities they desired. The seeds of plants with large kernels or sweet and nutritious flesh were planted and harvested again. Over the course of many generations, the domesticated plants became very different from their wild ancestors.

IDENTIFYING MAIN IDEAS

One reading skill is the ability to identify the main idea of a passage. The main idea is the main focus or key idea. Frequently a main idea is accompanied by supporting information that offers detailed facts about main ideas.

Read	the	auestion	and	write	the	answer	in	the	space	provided.
ILCUU	CIIC	question	-							

1. Why did populations concentrate in smaller areas during the agricultural revolution?	

In the space provided, write the letter of the term or phrase that best answers the question.

- 2. Which of the following best describes the theme of the passage?
 - **a.** The agricultural revolution changed human food preferences.
 - **b.** Some plants today are similar to their ancestors.
 - c. Farming replaced hunting and gathering.
 - **d.** Agricultural communities developed from hunter-gatherer communities, and the practice of agriculture introduced new environmental problems.

Name _		Class	Date	
da	e Reading continued			
				170
	ULARY DEVELOPMEN			
	e question and write t			
3. The Usin	root word <i>ager</i> mean ng this information, de	s "field," and <i>cultive</i> efine <i>agriculture</i> .		of tilling."
·				
SEQUE	NCING INFORMATIO	N		
One rea	ading skill is the ability ts in the order in whic	to sequence inform th they occur.	nation, or to logically	place items
sequen	pace provided, write th ce of statements showi	ng how the food we	eat today has changed	over time.
4. Step	1: Farmers collected		from plants they li	ked.
5. Step	2: The farmers' prefer	red plants were plan	ted and	
6. Step	3:	plants became v	ery different from their	ancestors.
RECOG	NIZING SIMILARITIES	AND DIFFERENCE	ES	
	ding skill is the ability , ideas, or things. This i			
In the sp	oace provided, write the	letter of the phrase	that best completes the	statement.
-	7. Farms are to huntinga. cars are to airpleb. anchors are to s	anes. c. hips. d.	fish hatcheries are to compact discs are to records.	0
RECOG	NIZING CAUSE AND I	FFFCT		
	ding skill is the ability		and effect	
	ch question and write			g 8
8. In w	hat two ways did the larevolution?		(2)	ne agricul-
		3 2		
9. Wha	t changes did humans	make that affected	local environments?	
	——————————————————————————————————————			

Name	Class	Date
Skills Worksheet		
Active Reading		

Section: The Environment and Society

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

The decisions and actions of all people in the world affect our environment. But the unequal distribution of wealth and resources around the world influences the environmental problems that a society faces and the choices it can make. The United Nations generally classifies countries as either developed or developing. Developed countries have higher average incomes, slower population growth, diverse industrial economies, and stronger social support systems. They include the United States, Canada, Japan, and the countries of Western Europe. Developing countries have lower average incomes, simple and agriculture-based economies, and rapid population growth. In between are middle-income countries, such as Mexico, Brazil, and Malaysia.

IDENTIFYING MAIN IDEAS

One reading skill is the ability to identify the main idea of a passage. The main idea is the main focus or key idea. Frequently a main idea is accompanied by supporting information that offers detailed facts about main ideas.

porting	information that offers detailed facts about main ideas.
Read ea	ch question and write the answer in the space provided.
1. Wha	at organization has classified countries as developing or developed?
2. List	two developed countries.
	ULARY DEVELOPMENT pace provided, write the letter of the phrase that best completes each nt.
	 3. Developed countries often a. have higher average incomes and faster population growth. b. have higher average incomes and slower population growth. c. have faster population growth and diverse industrial economies. d. eventually become developing countries.
	4. Developing countries oftena. have lower average incomes and slower population growth

b. have middle incomes.c. include Mexico and Brazil.

d. have lower average incomes and faster population growth.

Name	Class	Date
Active Reading continued		
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RECOGNIZING SIMILARITIES A	ND DIFFERENCES	
One reading skill is the ability to r	recognize similarities a	nd differences between two
phrases, ideas, or things. This is s	ometimes known as co	omparing and contrasting.
Read each question and write you	ur answer in the space	provided.
5. The suffix <i>-ed</i> forms the past suffix <i>-ing</i> is used to form the <i>swimming</i> . Using this inform	e present participle of	a verb: $swim$ becomes
6. Define a developing country.		
7. What type of economy does a	ı developed country h	ave?
8. What type of economy does a	ı developing country h	aave?
9. How do the social support systof developing countries?	stems of developed co	ountries differ from those
	i v	
RECOGNIZING CAUSE AND EFF	ECT	
One reading skill is the ability to	recognize cause and e	effect.
Read the question and write your	answer in the space p	rovided.
10. What factor affects environm society can make?	nental problems and t	he number of choices a
		a = 0