

Go over these answers At 2:30.
On the projector

Name _____
Teacher _____
Class _____ Block _____
Date _____

Key

Quiz Practice

Name	Formula	Name	Formula
phosphorous acid	H ₃ PO ₃	trisulfur moniodide	S ₃ I
cobalt (II) sulfate	Co SO ₄	bromine	Br ₂
hydrochloric acid	H ₂ S	carbon tetrahydride	CH ₄
iron (III) nitrite	Fe(NO ₂) ₃	chlorine gas	Cl ₂
sulfuric acid	H ₂ SO ₄	sulfur pentafluoride	SF ₅
iron (II) nitrate	Fe(NO ₃) ₂	oxygen gas	O ₂
acetic acid	HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂	dinitrogen monoxide	N ₂ O
iron (II) phosphide	Fe ₃ P ₂	nitrogen gas	N ₂

Give the answer using the proper amount of **significant figures** and a **unit**.

1. 345.00 g + 34.9 g = 379.9g

5. 340 g + 34.9 g = 370g

2. 45.09 g / 12.009 mL = 3.75g/mL

6. 45.0 g / 12.009 mL = 3.75g/mL

3. 345.10 g + 34.9 g = 380.0g

7. 18 g + 140.9 g = 159g

4. 45.090 g / 12.009 mL = 3.7547g/mL

8. 250 g / 12.009 mL = 20.8 → 21g/mL

Give the answer using the proper amount of **significant figures** and a **unit**. Show your work.

9. Give the molar mass of NaCl.

$$\begin{array}{r} 22.99 \\ + 35.45 \\ \hline 58.44 \end{array}$$

11. Give the molar mass of Fe(OH)₃.

$$\begin{array}{r} 55.85 \\ + 3(16.00) \\ + 3(1.008) \\ \hline 106.87 \end{array}$$

10. Give the molar mass of H₂S.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2(1.008) \\ + 32.07 \\ \hline 34.09 \end{array}$$

12. Give the molar mass of H₃PO₃.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3(1.008) \\ + 30.97 \\ + 3(16.00) \\ \hline 81.99 \end{array}$$

13. Convert 1.25 x 10¹² atoms Mg to g Mg.

$$1.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ atoms} \times \frac{24.31 \text{ g Mg}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}} = \boxed{5.05 \times 10^{-11} \text{ g}}$$

3SF

14. Convert 1.25 x 10¹² g Fe to mol Fe.

$$1.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Fe}}{55.85} = \boxed{2.24 \times 10^{10} \text{ mol}}$$

3SF

4. 5. M
15. Convert 1.25×10^{12} atoms C to mol C.

$$1.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ atom} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atom}}$$

$$2.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol C}$$

16. Convert 1.25×10^{12} g C to atoms C.

$$1.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ g} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23}}{12.011 \text{ g}}$$

$$6.27 \times 10^{34} \text{ atoms C}$$

17. Convert 2.3×10^{12} g Ca to mol Ca.

$$2.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{40.08 \text{ g}}$$

$$5.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ mol Ca}$$

18. Convert 2.3×10^{12} g Ca to atoms Ca

$$2.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ g} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}}{40.08 \text{ g}} = 3.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ atoms Ca}$$

19. Convert 2.3×10^{12} atoms Cr to mol Cr.

$$2.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ atom} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Cr}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atom}}$$

$$3.8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol Cr}$$

20. Convert 2.3×10^{12} atoms Cr to g Cr.

$$2.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ atom} \times \frac{52.00 \text{ g Cr}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}}$$

$$1.987 \times 2.0 \times 10^{-10} \text{ g Cr}$$

Go to # 33

21. Give the noble gas configuration for nickel.

Skip

22. Give the orbital notation for carbon.

23. Give the electron configuration for aluminum

24. Give the noble gas configuration for iodine.

25. Give the orbital notation for aluminum.

26. Give the electron configuration for sulfur.

27. Give the noble gas configuration for silver.

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